

**15A NCAC 02B .0295 MITIGATION PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS FOR PROTECTION AND MAINTENANCE OF RIPARIAN BUFFERS**

(a) PURPOSE. The purpose of this Rule is to set forth the mitigation requirements that apply to applicants listed in Subparagraphs (1) and (2) of this Paragraph and to set forth requirements for buffer mitigation providers. Buffer mitigation ~~is shall be~~ required when one of the following applies:

- (1) The applicant has received an authorization certificate for impacts ~~that cannot be avoided or practicably minimized~~ pursuant to Rules .0233, .0243, .0250, .0259, .0267 or .0607 of this Subchapter and is required to perform mitigation as a condition of the authorization certificate; or
- (2) The applicant has received a variance pursuant to Rules .0233, .0243, .0250, .0259, .0267 or .0607 of this Subchapter and is required to perform mitigation as a condition of a variance approval.

(b) DEFINITIONS. For the purpose of this Rule, these terms shall be defined as follows:

- (1) "Authority" means either the Division or a local government that has been delegated or designated pursuant to Rules .0233, .0243, .0250, .0259, .0267 or .0607 of this Subchapter to implement the riparian buffer program.
- (2) ~~(2)~~ "Compensatory Buffer Mitigation Bank" means a buffer mitigation site created by a mitigation provider and approved for mitigation credit by the Division through execution of a mitigation banking instrument.
- (2)(3) ~~(2)(3)~~ "Division" means the Division of Water Resources of the North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources.
- (3)(4) ~~(3)(4)~~ "Enhancement Site" means a riparian zone site characterized by conditions between that of a restoration site and a preservation site such that the establishment of woody stems (i.e., tree or shrub species) will maximize nutrient removal and other buffer functions.
- (4)(5) ~~(4)(5)~~ "Hydrologic Area" means the Watershed Boundary Dataset (WBD), located at no cost at <http://data.nconemap.com/geoportal/catalog/search/resource/details.page?uuid={16A42F31-6DC7-4EC3-88A9-03E6B7D55653}> using the eight-digit Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC) prepared by the United States Geological Survey.
- (5)(6) ~~(5)(6)~~ "Locational Ratio" means the mitigation ratio applied to the mitigation requirements based on the location of the mitigation site relative to the impact site as set forth in Paragraph (f).
- (7) ~~(7)~~ "Mitigation banking instrument" means the legal document for the establishment, operation, and use of a mitigation bank.
- (6)(8) ~~(6)(8)~~ "Monitoring period" means the length of time specified in the approved mitigation plan during which monitoring of vegetation success and other anticipated benefits to the adjacent water as listed in the ~~authorization certification~~ mitigation approval is done.
- (7)(9) ~~(7)(9)~~ "Non-wasting endowment" means a fund that generates enough interest to cover the cost of the long term monitoring and maintenance.
- (8)(10) ~~(8)(10)~~ "Outer Coastal Plain" means the portion of the state shown as the Middle Atlantic Coastal Plain (63) on Griffith, et al. (2002) "Ecoregions of North and South Carolina." Reston, VA, United States Geological Survey available at no cost at [http://www.epa.gov/wed/pages/ecoregions/ncsc\\_eco.htm](http://www.epa.gov/wed/pages/ecoregions/ncsc_eco.htm).
- (9)(11) ~~(9)(11)~~ "Preservation Site" means riparian zone sites that are characterized by a natural forest consisting of the forest strata and diversity of species appropriate for the Omernik Level III ecoregion available at no cost at [http://www.epa.gov/wed/pages/ecoregions/level\\_iii\\_iv.htm](http://www.epa.gov/wed/pages/ecoregions/level_iii_iv.htm).
- (10)(12) ~~(10)(12)~~ "Restoration Site" means riparian zone sites that are characterized by an absence of trees and by a lack of dense growth of smaller woody stems (i.e., shrubs or saplings) or sites that are characterized by scattered individual trees such that the tree canopy is less than 25 percent of the cover and by a lack of dense growth of smaller woody stems (i.e., shrubs or saplings).
- (11)(13) ~~(11)(13)~~ "Riparian buffer mitigation unit" means a unit representing a credit of riparian buffer mitigation that offsets one square foot of riparian buffer impact.
- (12)(14) ~~(12)(14)~~ "Riparian wetland" means a wetland that is found in one or more of the following landscape positions:
  - (A) in a geomorphic floodplain;
  - (B) in a natural topographic crenulation;
  - (C) contiguous with an open water equal to or greater than 20 acres in size; or
  - (D) subject to tidal flow regimes excluding salt/brackish marsh wetlands.

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~~(13)~~(15) "Urban" means an area that is designated as an urbanized area under the most recent federal decennial census available at no cost at <http://www.census.gov/> or within the corporate limits of a municipality.

~~(14)~~(16) "Zonal Ratio" means the mitigation ratio applied to impact amounts in the respective zones of the riparian buffer as set forth in Paragraph (e) of this Rule.

(c) APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS, MITIGATION SITE REQUIREMENTS AND MITIGATION OPTIONS. Any applicant ~~who seeks approval to impact riparian buffers~~ covered under Paragraph (a) of this Rule ~~who is required by Paragraph (a)~~ shall submit to the Division Authority a written mitigation proposal that calculates the required area of mitigation and describes the area and location of each type of proposed mitigation. The applicant shall not impact buffers until the Division Authority approves the mitigation plan and issues written authorization approval. ~~For all options except payment of a fee under Paragraphs (j) or (k) of this Rule, the proposal shall include a commitment to provide:~~

- ~~(1) a perpetual conservation easement or similar legal protection mechanism to ensure perpetual stewardship that protects the mitigation site's nutrient removal and other water quality functions;~~
- ~~(2) a commitment to provide a non-wasting endowment or other financial mechanism for perpetual stewardship and protection; and~~
- ~~(3) a commitment to provide a completion bond that is payable to the Division sufficient to ensure that land or easement purchase, construction, monitoring, and maintenance are completed.~~

For each mitigation site, the Division Authority shall identify functional criteria to measure the anticipated benefits of the mitigation to the adjacent water. The Division Authority shall issue a mitigation determination that specifies the area, type, and location of mitigation and the water quality benefits to be provided by the mitigation site. The mitigation determination issued according to this Rule shall be included as an attachment to the authorization certification. The applicant may propose any of the following types of mitigation and shall provide a written demonstration of practicality that takes into account the relative cost and availability of potential options, as well as information addressing all requirements associated with the option proposed:

- (1) Applicant-provided riparian buffer restoration site or enhancement site pursuant to Paragraph (i) of this Rule;
- (2) Payment of a compensatory mitigation fee to a compensatory buffer mitigation bank if buffer credits are available pursuant to Paragraph (j) of this Rule or payment of a compensatory mitigation fee to the Riparian Buffer Restoration Fund pursuant to Paragraph (k) of this Rule. Payment shall conform to the requirements of G.S. 143-214.20;
- (3) Donation of real property or of an interest in real property pursuant to Paragraph (l) of this Rule; or
- (4) Alternative buffer mitigation options pursuant to Paragraph (m) of this Rule.
- (5) Other buffer mitigation options when approved by the Environmental Management Commission as a condition of a variance approval.

~~For all options except payment of a fee under Paragraphs (j) or (k) of this Rule, the proposal shall include a commitment to provide:~~

- ~~(1) a perpetual conservation easement or similar legal protection~~preservation mechanism to ensure perpetual stewardship that protects the mitigation site's nutrient removal and other water quality functions;
- ~~(2) a commitment to provide a non-wasting endowment or other~~dedicated financial surety to provide for the perpetual land management and maintenance of lands~~financial mechanism for perpetual stewardship and protection; and~~
- ~~(3) a commitment to provide a~~financial assurance in the form of a completion bond, credit insurance, letter of credit, escrow, or other vehicle acceptable to the Authority that is payable to, or for the benefit of, the Division Authority in an amount sufficient to ensure that land or easement purchase~~the property is secured in fee title or by easement, and that planting monitoring and maintenance, construction, monitoring, and maintenance are completed as necessary to meet success criteria as specified in the approved mitigation plan.~~

(d) AREA OF IMPACT. The ~~authority~~-Authority shall determine the area of impact in square feet to each ~~zone~~ Zone as defined by the applicable riparian buffer Rules .0233, .0243, .0250, .0259, .0267 or .0607 of this Subchapter of the proposed riparian buffer ~~impact~~ by adding the following:

- (1) The area of the footprint of the use impacting the riparian buffer;
- (2) The area of the boundary of any clearing and grading activities within the riparian buffer necessary to accommodate the use; and

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(3) The area of any ongoing maintenance corridors within the riparian buffer associated with the use. The ~~authority~~-Authority shall deduct from this total the area of any wetlands that are subject to and compliant with riparian wetland mitigation requirements under 15A NCAC 02H .0506 and are located within the proposed riparian buffer impact area.

(e) AREA OF MITIGATION REQUIRED ON ZONAL MITIGATION RATIOS. The ~~authority~~-Authority shall determine the required area of mitigation for each ~~zone~~-Zone by applying each of the following ratios to the area of impact calculated under Paragraph (d) of this Rule:

Basin/Watershed	Zone 1 Ratio	Zone 2 Ratio
Neuse River Basin (15A NCAC 02B .0233)	3:1	1.5:1
Catawba River Basin (15A NCAC 02B .0243)	2:1	1.5:1
Randleman Lake Watershed (15A NCAC 02B .0250)	3:1	1.5:1
Tar-Pamlico River Basin (15A NCAC 02B .0259)	3:1	1.5:1
Jordan Lake Watershed (15A NCAC 02B .0267)	3:1	1.5:1
Goose Creek Watershed (15A NCAC 02B .0607)	3:1 <sup>A</sup>	

<sup>A</sup> The Goose Creek Watershed does not have a Zone 1 and Zone 2. The mitigation ratio in the Goose Creek Watershed is 3:1 for the entire buffer.

(f) AREA OF MITIGATION REQUIRED ON LOCATIONAL MITIGATION RATIOS. The applicant ~~or~~ mitigation provider shall use the following locational ratios as applicable based on location of the proposed mitigation site relative to that of the proposed impact site. Locational ratios shall be as follows:

Location	Ratio
Within the 12-digit HUC <sup>A</sup>	0.75:1
Within the eight-digit HUC <sup>B</sup>	1:1
In the adjacent eight-digit HUC <sup>B,C</sup>	2:1

<sup>A</sup> Except within the Randleman Lake Watershed. Within the Randleman Lake Watershed the ratio is 1:1.

<sup>B</sup> Except as provided in Paragraph (g) of this Rule.

<sup>C</sup> To use mitigation in the adjacent eight-digit HUC, the applicant shall describe why buffer mitigation within the eight-digit HUC is not practical for the project.

(g) GEOGRAPHIC RESTRICTIONS ON LOCATION OF MITIGATION. Mitigation shall be performed in the same river basin where the impact is located with the following additional specifications:

(1) In the following cases, mitigation shall be performed in the same watershed ~~in which~~where the impact is located:

- (A) Falls Lake Watershed, as defined in Rule .0275 of this Section;
- (B) Goose Creek Watershed, as defined in Rule .0601 of this Subchapter;
- (C) Randleman Lake Water Supply Watershed, as defined in Rule .0248 of this Section;
- (D) Each subwatershed of the Jordan Lake watershed, as defined in Rule .0262 of this Section; and
- (E) Other watersheds as specified in riparian buffer protection rules adopted by the Commission.

(2) Buffer mitigation for impacts within watersheds with riparian buffer rules that also have federally listed threatened or endangered aquatic species may be done within other watersheds with the same federally listed threatened or endangered aquatic species as long as the impacts are in the same river basin and same Omernik Level III ecoregion ~~available at no cost at~~ [http://www.epa.gov/wed/pages/ecoregions/level\\_iii\\_iv.htm](http://www.epa.gov/wed/pages/ecoregions/level_iii_iv.htm) as the mitigation site.

(h) RIPARIAN BUFFER MITIGATION UNITS. Mitigation activities shall generate riparian buffer mitigation units as follows:

Mitigation Activity	Square Feet of Mitigation Buffer	Riparian Buffer Mitigation Units Generated
Restoration <a href="#">Site</a>	1	1
Enhancement <a href="#">Site</a>	2	1
Preservation <a href="#">Site</a> on Non-Subject Urban Streams	3	1
Preservation <a href="#">Site</a> on Subject Urban Streams	3	1

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Preservation <u>Site</u> on Non-Subject Rural Streams	5	1
Preservation <u>Site</u> on Subject Rural Streams	10	1

Riparian buffer restoration or enhancement is required with an area at least equal to the footprint of the buffer impact, and the remaining mitigation resulting from the application of the zonal mitigation ratios in Paragraph (e) and locational mitigation ratios in Paragraph (f) may be met through other mitigation options.

(A) — Projects that have been constructed and are within the required monitoring period on the effective date of this Rule are eligible for use as ~~alternative~~ buffer mitigation sites. Projects that have completed monitoring and released by the Division on or before the effective date of this Rule are eligible for use as ~~alternative~~ buffer mitigation sites for a period of 10 years from the effective date of this Rule;

(i) RIPARIAN BUFFER RESTORATION SITE OR ENHANCEMENT SITE. ~~Division-Authority~~ staff shall make an on-site determination as to whether a potential mitigation site qualifies as a restoration site or enhancement site as defined in Paragraph (b) of this Rule. Riparian buffer restoration sites or enhancement sites shall meet the following requirements:

(1) Buffer restoration sites or enhancement sites may be proposed as follows:

Urban Areas		Non-Urban Areas	
Buffer width (ft)	Proposed Percentage of Full Credit	Buffer width (ft)	Proposed Percentage of Full Credit
Less than 20	0 %	Less than 20	0 %
20-29	75 %	20-29	0 %
30-100	100 %	30-100	100 %
101-200 A	50 % <sup>A</sup>	101-200 <sup>A</sup>	50 % <sup>A</sup>

<sup>A</sup> The area of the buffer mitigation site beyond 100 linear feet from the top of bank shall comprise no more than 10 percent of the total area of buffer mitigation.

(2) The location of the restoration site or enhancement site shall comply with the requirements of Paragraphs (e), (f), and (g) of this Rule. In the Catawba watershed, buffer mitigation may be done along the lake shoreline as well as along intermittent and perennial stream channels throughout the watershed.

(3) Diffuse flow of runoff shall be maintained in the riparian buffer. Any existing impervious cover or stormwater conveyances such as ditches, pipes, or drain tiles shall be eliminated and the flow converted to diffuse flow. If the applicant or mitigation provider determines that elimination of existing stormwater conveyances is not feasible, then ~~the applicant or mitigation provider they~~ shall include a justification and shall provide a delineation of the watershed draining to the stormwater outfall and the percentage of the total drainage by area treated by the riparian buffer with the mitigation plan specified in Subparagraph (4) of this Paragraph for ~~Division-Authority~~ approval. During mitigation plan review and approval the ~~Division-Authority~~ may reduce mitigation credit proportionally.

(4) The applicant or mitigation provider shall submit to the Authority a restoration or enhancement plan for written approval ~~by the Division~~. The restoration or enhancement plan shall demonstrate compliance with the requirements of Subparagraphs (1) through (3) of this Paragraph and shall contain the following in addition to the elements required in Paragraph (c) of this Rule:

(A) A map of the proposed restoration or enhancement site;

(B) A vegetation plan that shall include a minimum of four native hardwood tree species or four native hardwood tree and native shrub species, where no one species is greater than 50 percent of established stems, ~~established-planted~~ at a density sufficient to provide 260 stems per acre at the completion of monitoring. Native hardwood and native shrub volunteer species may be included to meet the final performance standard of 260 stems per acres. The ~~Division-Authority~~ may approve alternative vegetation plans upon consideration of factors, including site wetness and plant availability to meet the requirements of this Part;

(C) A grading plan (if applicable). The site shall be graded in a manner to ensure diffuse flow through the entire riparian buffer;

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- (D) A schedule for implementation, including a fertilization and herbicide plan if applicable; and
- (E) A monitoring plan, including monitoring of vegetative success and other anticipated benefits to the adjacent water ~~as listed in the authorization certification.~~
- (5) Within one year after ~~the Division Authority has approved approval of~~ the ~~restoration or enhancement mitigation~~ plan, the applicant or mitigation provider shall present documentation to the ~~Division Authority~~ that the riparian buffer has been restored or enhanced unless the ~~Division Authority~~ agrees in writing ~~prior to that date~~ to a longer time period ~~due to the necessity for a longer construction period.~~
- (6) The mitigation ~~area-site~~ shall be placed under a perpetual conservation easement or similar ~~legal protection preservation~~ mechanism to ~~provide for protection of the property's ensure perpetual stewardship that protects the mitigation site's~~ nutrient removal and other water quality functions.
- (7) The applicant or mitigation provider shall submit written annual reports for a period of five years after the restoration or enhancement has been conducted showing:
- (A) ~~the survival of that~~ the trees or tree and shrub species planted;
- (B) ~~whether the vegetation of the site is expected to are meeting meet~~ success criteria; and
- (C) ~~that~~ diffuse flow through the riparian buffer has been maintained.
- The applicant or mitigation provider shall replace trees or shrubs and restore diffuse flow if needed during that five-year period. ~~If the Authority determines that the objectives identified in Paragraph (i) have not been achieved at the end of the five-year monitoring period, the Authority may requireAdditional additional~~ years of monitoring. ~~may be required if the objectives under Paragraph (i) have not been achieved at the end of the five year monitoring period.~~
- (8) The ~~applicant or~~ mitigation provider shall provide a site specific credit/debit ledger to the ~~Division Authority~~ at regular intervals ~~as specified in the mitigation plan approval or Mitigation Banking Instrument~~ once credits are established and until they are exhausted.
- (9) The ~~applicant or~~ mitigation provider shall provide ~~financial assurance in the form of~~ a completion bond, ~~credit insurance, letter of credit, escrow, or other vehicle acceptable to the Authority that is~~ payable to, ~~or for the benefit of,~~ the ~~Division Authority in an amount~~ sufficient to ensure that ~~land purchase the property is secured in fee title or by easement, and that planting, construction,~~ monitoring, and maintenance are completed ~~as necessary to meet success criteria as specified in the approved mitigation plan. This financial assurance obligation shall not apply to the NC Ecosystem Enhancement Program.~~
- (10) ~~The applicant or mitigation provider shall provide Aa~~ non-wasting endowment or other ~~dedicated financial mechanism surety to provide for the~~ perpetual ~~land management and~~ maintenance ~~and protection shall be provided of lands.~~
- (j) PURCHASE OF BUFFER MITIGATION CREDITS FROM A PRIVATE OR PUBLIC COMPENSATORY BUFFER MITIGATION BANK. Applicants who choose to satisfy some or all of their mitigation by purchasing mitigation credits from a private or public compensatory buffer mitigation bank shall meet the following requirements:
- (1) The compensatory buffer mitigation bank from which credits are purchased ~~is listed on the Division's webpage (http://portal.ncdenr.org/web/wq/swp/ws/401) and has~~ shall have available riparian buffer credits approved by the Division;
- (2) The compensatory buffer mitigation bank from which credits are purchased shall be located as described in Paragraphs (e), (f), and (g) of this Rule; and
- (3) After receiving a mitigation acceptance letter from the ~~mitigation provider~~compensatory buffer mitigation bank, proof of payment for the credits shall be provided to the ~~Division Authority~~ prior to any activity that results in the removal or degradation of the protected riparian buffer.
- (k) PAYMENT TO THE RIPARIAN BUFFER RESTORATION FUND. Applicants who choose to satisfy some or all of their mitigation determination requirement by paying a compensatory mitigation fee to the Riparian Buffer Restoration Fund shall meet the requirements of Rule .0269 of this Section. Payment made to the NC Ecosystem Enhancement Program (the Program) shall be contingent upon acceptance of the payment by the Program. The Program shall consider their financial, temporal, and technical ability to satisfy the mitigation request to determine whether they shall accept or deny the request.
- (l) DONATION OF PROPERTY. Applicants who choose to satisfy their mitigation determination requirement by donating real property or an interest in real property to fully or partially offset an approved payment into the

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Riparian Buffer Restoration Fund pursuant to Paragraph (k) of this Rule ~~shall meet the following requirements~~ do so in accordance with 15A NCAC 02R .0403.:

- ~~(1) — The value of the property interest shall be determined by an appraisal performed in accordance with Part (l)(4)(D) of this Rule. The donation shall satisfy the mitigation determination if the appraised value of the donated property interest is equal to or greater than the required fee. If the appraised value of the donated property interest is less than the required fee calculated pursuant to Rule .0269 of this Section, the applicant shall pay the remaining balance due.~~
- ~~(2) — The donation of real property interests shall be granted in perpetuity.~~
- ~~(3) — Donation of real property interests to satisfy the full or partial payments under Paragraph (k) shall be accepted only if such property meets the following requirements:~~
  - ~~(A) — The property shall be suitable for restoration or enhancement to successfully produce viable riparian buffer compensatory mitigation credits in accordance with Paragraph (i) of this Rule or the property shall be suitable for preservation to successfully produce viable riparian buffer compensatory mitigation credits in accordance with Part (m)(2)(C) of this Rule;~~
  - ~~(B) — The property shall be located in an area where the Program may reasonably utilize the credits, based on historical or projected use, to offset compensatory mitigation requirements;~~
  - ~~(C) — The estimated cost of restoring or enhancing and maintaining the property shall not exceed the projected mitigation credit value of the property minus land acquisition costs, except where the applicant supplies additional funds acceptable to the Program for restoration or enhancement and maintenance of the buffer;~~
  - ~~(D) — The property shall not contain any building, structure, object, site, or district that is listed in the National Register of Historic Places established pursuant to Public Law 89 665, 16 U.S.C. 470 as amended;~~
  - ~~(E) — The property shall not contain any hazardous substance or solid waste such that water quality may be adversely impacted, unless the hazardous substance or solid waste can be properly remediated before the interest is transferred;~~
  - ~~(F) — The property shall not contain structures or materials that present health or safety concerns to the general public. If wells, septic, water, or sewer connections exist, they shall be filled, remediated or closed at owner's expense in accordance with state and local health and safety regulations before the interest is transferred. Sewer connections in Zone 2 may be allowed for projects in accordance with Part (m)(2)(E) of this Rule;~~
  - ~~(G) — The property and adjacent properties shall not have prior, current, or known future land use that may jeopardize the functions of the compensatory mitigation;~~
  - ~~(H) — The property shall not have any encumbrances or conditions that are inconsistent with the requirements of this Rule or purposes of Rules .0233, .0243, .0250, .0259, .0267 or .0607 of this Subchapter;~~
  - ~~(I) — Fee simple title to the property or a perpetual conservation easement on the property shall be donated to the State of North Carolina, a local government, or a qualified holder under N.C. General Statute 121-34 et seq. and 26 USC 170(h) of the Internal Revenue Code as approved by the Department and the donee; and~~
  - ~~(J) — The donation shall be accompanied by a non-wasting endowment or other financial mechanism for perpetual maintenance and protection sufficient to ensure perpetual long-term monitoring and maintenance. However, when a local government has donated a perpetual conservation easement and entered into a binding intergovernmental agreement with the Program to manage and protect the property consistent with the terms of the perpetual conservation easement, that local government shall not be required to provide a non-wasting endowment.~~
- ~~(4) — At the expense of the applicant or donor, the following information shall be submitted to the Program with any proposal for donations or dedications of interest in real property:~~
  - ~~(A) — Documentation that the property meets the requirements of Subparagraph (l)(3) of this Rule;~~
  - ~~(B) — A US Geological Survey 1:24,000 (7.5 minute) scale topographic map, county tax map, USDA Natural Resource Conservation Service County Soil Survey Map, and county road~~

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- ~~map showing the location of the property to be donated, along with information on existing site conditions, vegetation types, presence of existing structures, and easements;~~
- (C) ~~A current property survey performed in accordance with the procedures of the North Carolina Department of Administration, State Property Office as identified by the State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors as set forth in 21 NCAC 56 .1600.~~
- (D) ~~A current appraisal of the value of the property performed in accordance with the procedures of the North Carolina Department of Administration, State Property Office as identified by the Appraisal Board as set forth in 21 NCAC 57A .0501; and~~
- (E) ~~A complete attorney's report on title with a title commitment for policy in the name of the State of North Carolina in the dollar amount of the appraised value.~~

(m) ALTERNATIVE BUFFER MITIGATION OPTIONS. Some or all of a buffer mitigation requirement may be met through any of the alternative mitigation options described in this Paragraph. Any proposal for alternative mitigation shall meet the requirements of Paragraphs (c), (e), (f), and (g) of this Rule, the requirements set out in the named Subparagraph addressing that option, and the following requirements:

- (1) Any proposal for alternative mitigation shall be provided in writing to the Division for approval and shall meet the following content and procedural requirements for approval by the Division:

~~(A) Projects that have been constructed and are within the required monitoring period on the effective date of this Rule are eligible for use as alternative buffer mitigation. Projects that have completed monitoring and released by the Division on or before the effective date of this Rule are eligible for use as alternative buffer mitigation for a period of 10 years from the effective date of this Rule;~~

~~(B)(A)~~ The mitigation area-site shall be placed under a perpetual conservation easement or similar legal-protectionpreservation mechanism to provide for protection of the property's ensure perpetual stewardship that protects the mitigation site's nutrient removal and other water quality functions; and

~~(C)(B)~~ A financial assurance in the form of a completion bond, credit insurance, letter of credit, escrow, or other vehicle acceptable to the Division payable to, or for the benefit of the Division in an amount sufficient to ensure that the property is secured in fee title or by easement and that land-purchaseplanting or; construction, monitoring, and maintenance are completed as necessary to meet success criteria as specified in the approved mitigation plan. This financial assurance obligation shall not apply to the NC Ecosystem Enhancement Program.

~~(D)(C)~~ A non-wasting endowment or other dedicated financial mechanism-surety to provide for the perpetual land management and maintenance and protection-shall be providedof lands or structures.

- (2) ALTERNATIVE BUFFER MITIGATION – NON-STRUCTURAL, VEGETATIVE OPTIONS

(A) Coastal Headwater Stream Mitigation. Wooded buffers planted along Outer Coastal Plain headwater stream mitigation sites may also be approved as riparian buffer mitigation credit as long as if the site meets all applicable requirements of Paragraph (i) of this Rule. In addition, all success criteria including woody species, stem density, diffuse flow, and stream success criteria specified in the approval of the stream mitigation site by the Division in any required written approval of the site shall be met. The area of the buffer shall be measured perpendicular to the length of the valley being restored. The area within the proposed buffer mitigation site shall not also be used as wetland mitigation. The applicant or mitigation provider shall monitor the site for at least five years from the date of planting by providing and provide annual reports for written Division approval.

(B) Buffer Restoration and Enhancement on Non-Subject Streams. Restoration or enhancement of buffers may be conducted on intermittent or perennial streams that are not subject to the applicable riparian buffer rulesRules .0233, .0243, .0250, .0259, .0267 or .0607 of this Subchapter. These streams shall be confirmed as intermittent or perennial streams by Division staff certified per G.S. 143-215.25A using the Division publication, Methodology for Identification of Intermittent and Perennial Streams and Their Origins (v.4.11, 2010) available at no cost at

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<http://portal.ncdenr.org/web/wq/swp/ws/401/waterresources/streamdeterminations>. The proposal shall meet all applicable requirements of Paragraph (i) of this Rule.

- (C) Preservation of Buffer on Non-subject streams. Preservation of buffers on intermittent or perennial streams that are not subject to the applicable riparian buffer Rules .0233, .0243, .0250, .0259, .0267 or .0607 of this Subchapter rules may be proposed in order to permanently protect the buffer from cutting, clearing, filling, grading, and similar activities that would affect the functioning of the buffer. These streams shall be confirmed as intermittent or perennial streams by Division staff certified per G.S. 143-215.25A using the Division publication, Methodology for Identification of Intermittent and Perennial Streams and Their Origins (v.4.11, 2010). The preservation site shall meet the requirements of Subparagraphs (i)(1), (i)(3), (i)(6) ~~and Parts (i)(3)(D), (E), (F), (H) and (J) of this Rule~~ and the requirements set forth in 15A NCAC 02R .0403(c)(7), (8) and (11). ~~Preservation shall be proposed only when restoration or enhancement with an area at least equal to the footprint of the buffer impact has been proposed.~~
- (D) Preservation of Buffers on Subject Streams. Buffer preservation may be proposed on streams that are subject to the applicable riparian buffer Rules .0233, .0243, .0250, .0259, .0267 or .0607 of this Subchapter in order to permanently protect the buffer from cutting, clearing, filling, grading, and similar activities that would affect the functioning of the buffer beyond the protection afforded by the existing buffer rules on sites that meet the definition of a preservation ~~site along streams, estuaries, or ponds that are subject to buffer rules~~. The preservation site shall meet the requirements of Subparagraphs (i)(1), (i)(3), (i)(6) and ~~Parts (i)(3)(D), (E), (F), (H) and (J)~~ of this Rule and the requirements set forth in 15A NCAC 02R .0403(c)(7), (8) and (11). ~~Preservation shall be proposed only when restoration or enhancement of an area at least equal to the footprint of the buffer impact has been proposed.~~
- (E) Sewer easement within the buffer. If the proposed mitigation site contains a sewer easement in Zone 1, that portion of the sewer easement within Zone 1 is not suitable for buffer mitigation credit. If the proposed mitigation site contains a sewer easement in Zone 2, the portion of the sewer easement in Zone 2 may be suitable for buffer mitigation credit if:
- (i) the applicant or mitigation provider restores or enhances the forested buffer in Zone 1 adjacent to the sewer easement;
  - ~~(ii)~~ (ii) ~~the sewer easement is at least 30 feet wide;~~
  - ~~(iii)~~ (ii) the sewer easement is required to be maintained in a condition that meets the vegetative requirements of the collection system permit; and
  - ~~(iv)~~ (iii) diffuse flow is provided across the entire buffer width.
- The proposal shall meet all applicable requirements of Paragraph (i) of this Rule for restoration or enhancement. The proposal shall meet all applicable requirements of Part (m)(2)(C) or (m)(2)(D) of this Rule for preservation.
- (F) Enhancement of grazing areas adjacent to streams. Buffer credit at a 2:1 ratio shall be available for an applicant or mitigation provider who proposes permanent exclusion of grazing livestock that otherwise degrade the stream and riparian zone through trampling, grazing, or waste deposition by fencing the livestock out of the stream and its adjacent buffer. The applicant or mitigation provider shall provide an enhancement plan as set forth in Paragraph (i). The applicant or mitigation provider shall demonstrate that grazing was the predominant land use since the effective date of the applicable buffer rule.
- (G) Mitigation on ephemeral channels. For purposes of riparian buffer mitigation as described in this Part, an "ephemeral channel" is defined as a natural channel exhibiting discernible banks within a topographic crenulation (V-shaped contour lines) indicative of natural drainage on the 1:24,000 scale (7.5 minute) quadrangle topographic map prepared by the U.S. Geologic Survey, or as seen on digital elevation models with contours developed from the most recent available LiDAR data available at no cost at <http://www.ncfloodmaps.com/lidar.htm>. Ephemeral channels only flow for a short period of time after precipitation in the immediate area and do not have periods of base flow sustained by groundwater discharge. The applicant or mitigation provider shall provide a

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delineation of the watershed draining to the ephemeral channel. The entire area proposed for mitigation shall be within the contributing drainage area to the ephemeral channel. The ephemeral channel shall be directly connected to an intermittent or perennial stream and contiguous with the rest of the mitigation site protected under a perpetual conservation easement. The area of the mitigation site on ephemeral channels shall comprise no more than 25 percent of the total area of buffer mitigation. The proposal shall meet all applicable requirements of Paragraph (i) of this Rule for restoration or enhancement. The proposal shall meet all applicable requirements of Part (m)(2)(C) or (m)(2)(D) of this Rule for preservation.

- (H) Restoration and Enhancement on Ditches. For purposes of riparian buffer mitigation as described in this Part, a "ditch" is defined as a man-made channel other than a modified natural stream that was constructed for drainage purposes. To be used for mitigation, a ditch shall meet all of the following criteria:
- (i) be directly connected with and draining towards an intermittent or perennial stream;
  - (ii) be contiguous with the rest of the mitigation site protected under a perpetual conservation easement;
  - (iii) stormwater runoff from overland flow shall drain towards the ditch;
  - (iv) be between one and three feet in depth; and
  - (v) the entire length of the ditch shall have been in place prior to the effective date of the applicable buffer rule.

The width of the restored or enhanced area shall not be less than 30 feet and shall not exceed 50 feet for crediting purposes. The applicant or mitigation provider shall provide a delineation of the watershed draining to the ditch. The watershed draining to the ditch shall be at least four times larger than the restored or enhanced area along the ditch. The perpetual conservation easement shall include the ditch and the confluence of the ditch with the intermittent or perennial stream, and provide language that prohibits future maintenance of the ditch. The proposal shall meet all applicable requirements of Paragraph (i) of this Rule for restoration or enhancement.

(3) ALTERNATIVE BUFFER STORMWATER TREATMENT OPTIONS.

~~(A)~~ (A) For all structural options: Riparian buffer restoration or enhancement is required with an area at least equal to the footprint of the buffer impact, and the remaining mitigation resulting from the multipliers may be met through structural options;

~~(B)~~ (A) Structural measures already required by other local, state or federal rule or permit cannot be used as alternative buffer mitigation credit, except to the extent such measure(s) exceed the requirements of such rule or permit. Stormwater Best Management Practices (BMPs), including bioretention facilities, constructed wetlands, infiltration devices and sand filter are all potentially approvable (BMPs) by the Division for alternative buffer mitigation credit. Other BMPs may be approved only if they meet the nutrient removal levels outlined in Part ~~(3)(B)(C)~~ of this Subparagraph. Existing or planned BMPs for a local, state, or federal rule or permit may be retrofitted or expanded to improve their nutrient removal if this level of treatment would not be required by other local, state, or federal rules. In this case, the predicted increase in nutrient removal may be counted toward alternative buffer mitigation credit;

~~(C)~~ (B) Minimum treatment levels: Any structural BMP shall provide at least 30 percent total nitrogen and 35 percent total phosphorus removal as demonstrated by a scientific and engineering literature review as approved by the Division. The mitigation proposal shall demonstrate that the proposed alternative removes an equal or greater annual mass load of nutrients to surface waters as the buffer impact authorized in the authorization certificate or variance, following the calculation of impact and mitigation areas pursuant to Paragraphs (d), (e), and (f) of this Rule. To estimate the rate of nutrient removal of the impacted buffer, the applicant or mitigation provider shall use a method previously approved by the Division the NC Division of Water Quality – Methodology and Calculation for determining nutrient reductions associated with Riparian Buffer Establishment available at no cost at [http://portal.ncdenr.org/c/document\\_library/get\\_file?uuid=55c3758f-5e27-46cf-8237-](http://portal.ncdenr.org/c/document_library/get_file?uuid=55c3758f-5e27-46cf-8237-)

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[47f890d9329a&groupId=38364](#). The applicant or mitigation provider may propose an alternative method of estimating the rate of nutrient removal for consideration and review by the Division;

~~(D)~~(C) All proposed structural BMPs shall follow the Division's 2009 Stormwater Best Management Practice Design Manual available at no cost at <http://portal.ncdenr.org/web/lr/bmp-manual>. If a specific proposed structural BMP is not addressed in this Manual, the applicant or mitigation provider shall follow Chapter 20 in this Manual for approval;

~~(E)~~(D) All structural options are required to have Division approved operation and maintenance plans;

~~(F)~~(E) All structural options are required to have continuous and perpetual maintenance and shall follow the Division's 2009 Stormwater Best Management Practice Design Manual;

~~(G)~~(F) Upon completion of construction, the designer for the type of BMP installed shall certify that the system was inspected during construction and that the BMP was constructed in ~~substantial~~ conformity with plans and specifications approved by the Division;

~~(H)~~(G) Removal and replacement of structural options: If a structural option is proposed to be removed and cannot be replaced on-site, then a structural or non-structural measure of equal or better nutrient removal capacity in a location as specified by Paragraph (f) and (g) of this Rule shall be constructed as a replacement;

~~(I)~~(H) Renovation or repair of structural options: If a structural option must be renovated or repaired, it shall be renovated to provide equal or better nutrient removal capacity than as originally designed;

~~(J)~~(I) Structural options as well as their operation and maintenance are the responsibility of the landowner or easement holder unless the Division gives written approval for another responsible party to operate and maintain them. Structural options shall be located in recorded drainage easements for the purposes of operation and maintenance and shall have recorded access easements to the nearest public right-of-way. These easements shall be granted in favor of the party responsible for operating and maintaining the structure, with a note that operation and maintenance is the responsibility of the landowner, easement holder or other responsible party; and

~~(K) Bonding and endowment. A completion bond payable to the Division sufficient to ensure that land purchase, construction, monitoring, and maintenance are completed and a non-wasting endowment or other financial mechanism for perpetual maintenance and protection shall be provided.~~

- (4) CASE-BY-CASE APPROVAL FOR OTHER ALTERNATIVE BUFFER MITIGATION OPTIONS. Other alternative riparian buffer mitigation options may be ~~considered by~~submitted to the Division for review and recommendation to the Environmental Management Commission on a case-by-case basis as long as the options otherwise meet the requirements of this Rule. Prior to recommendation to the Environmental Management Commission the Division shall issue a ~~after~~ 30-calendar day public notice through the Division's ~~Water Quality Certification~~-Mailing List in accordance with 15A NCAC 02H .0503 ~~as long as the options otherwise meet the requirements of this Rule~~. Division staff shall present recommendations including comments received during the public notice period, to the Environmental Management Commission for a final decision with respect to any proposal for other alternative buffer mitigation options ~~not specified~~described in this Rule.

(n) ACCOUNTING FOR BUFFER CREDIT, NUTRIENT OFFSET CREDIT AND STREAM MITIGATION CREDIT. Buffer mitigation credit, nutrient offset credit, wetland mitigation credit, and stream mitigation credit shall be accounted for in accordance with the following:

- (1) Buffer mitigation used for buffer mitigation credit shall not be used for nutrient offset credits;
- (2) Buffer mitigation ~~or nutrient offset~~ credit shall not be generated within wetlands that provide wetland mitigation credit required by 15A NCAC 02H .0506; and
- (3) ~~Either buffer~~ Buffer mitigation ~~or nutrient offset~~ credit may be generated on stream mitigation sites as long as the width of the restored or enhanced riparian buffer meets the requirements of Subparagraph (i)(1).

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*History Note: Authority 143-214.1; 143-214.5; 143-214.7; 143-214.20; 143-215.3(a)(1); 143-215.6A; 143-215.6B; 143-215.6C; 143-215.8A; 143-215.8B; 143-282(c); 143B-282(d); S.L. 1998-221; S.L. 1999-329, s. 7.1; S.L. 2001-418, s. 4.(a); S.L. 2003-340, s. 5; S.L. 2005-190; S.L. 2006-259; S.L. 2009-337; S.L. 2009-486; S.L. 2014-95;*  
*Temporary Adoption Eff. October 24, 2014.*